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APPLICATION NO.	FILDIO DAM		<u> </u>	
	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/724,159	12/01/2003	Daisaku Kurokawa	244839US-3DIV	9388
	03/20/2004		EXAMINER	
1940 DUKE S	IVAK, MCCLELLAN TREET	D, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.	GARBER, CHARLES D	
ALEXANDRI	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2856	
			DATE MAILED: 05/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Asticus O	10/724,159	KUROKAWA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Charles D. Garber	2856				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperent of the Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a) In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become APANAMED APPLICATION TO THE COURSE THE APPLICATION TO THE COURSE THE APPLICATION TO THE APPLICATION THE APPLICATION TO THE APPLICATION THE APPLICATION TO THE APPLICATION	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 De	cember 2003.					
- 1 - F	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	k parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>2,4,6 and 7</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	n from consideration.					
6) Claim(s) 2 and 4 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 6 and 7 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		vaminor				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the dr	Cawing(s) he hold in showans. See	27.05D 4.05(-)				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	n is required if the drawing(s) is obje	of OFR 1.00(a).				
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner. Note the attached Office	Action or form RTO 452				
	miler. Note the attached Office A	Action of form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-	(d) or (f).				
1 Certified copies of the priority documents I	have been received					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents I		n No. 10/140 400				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority	v documents have been received	11 NO. <u>10/148,198</u> .				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17 2(a))	in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of						
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Attachment(s)	*					
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (F					
P) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Paper No(s)/Mail Date)				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/01/2003.		ent Application (PTO-152)				
Patent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bloder et al. (US 20030029228A1) in view of Iwashima et al. (JP 04-315943), Naughton et al (US006395538B1) and Keeson (US004550590A).

Regarding claims 2 and 4, Bloder discloses a method and device for monitoring a concentration of oxygen in a beverage production process (paragraph 0001).

The invention includes sampling gas in both a vessel and in flowing pipelines used in beverage filling equipment (paragraphs 0074 and 0091).

Bloder determines values of the content of dissolved gases and provides the values to a control unit (paragraph 0128) but does not expressly compare the measured

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concentrations and preset concentrations nor issuing an alarm signal when the measured concentrations of oxygen in the sampled gas exceed reference values.

lwashima teaches using measured values of oxygen in a beverage filling process for process control as well as comparing measured values of oxygen to prescribed values and buzzing an alarm if the value is exceeded.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was to compare measured values of oxygen to prescribed values and buzzing an alarm if the values are exceeded in case inferior products are generated. The alarm would notify operators to deal promptly with the inferior products.

The references do not expressly teach the measurement of oxygen in a vessel is in a space part inside the vessel nor the sampling on a continuous basis.

Naughton teaches measuring oxygen in a bulk storage container 905 using oxygen detector 940 (see figure 9 and column 23 lines 42-67 and column 24 liens 50-67). Naughton is generally directed to processes involved with biomaterial which may include pharmaceutical materials and foodstuffs which may include beverages.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to monitor oxygen in the headspace of a storage vessel in order to prevent oxidation.

The references do not expressly teach the monitoring is continuous.

Keeson teaches "improvements may be incorporated" with "two measuring cells which will allow for the continuous monitoring of the oxygen as opposed to the periodic" and

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"the instrument, although primarily developed for use in the Brewing Industry, has application also in the Soft Drinks Industry."

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to continuously monitor oxygen as this is an improvement over periodic monitoring in beverage production processes.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 6 and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter in claim 6. The references do not suggest the invention further comprising a flow channel for the sampled gas to flow through to an outside of the beverage storage tank; and a distributor for receiving the sampled gas from the flow channel and delivering the sampled gas to said first measuring part outside the beverage filler, wherein said first measuring part constantly measures the concentration of oxygen in the sampled gas.

Claim 7 depending from allowable claim 6 would be allowable for the same reason.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The additional references cited on the accompanying form PTO-892 though not cited above are provided to indicate other prior art oxygen sensing methods and

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apparatus which include one or more features or limitations in common with the instant invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles D. Garber whose telephone number is (571) 272-2194. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron Williams can be reached on (571) 272-2208. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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